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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JULY 15, 1926.

PART I.

IMPORTANT GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

CHIEF SECRETARIAT.

Utilisation of the Education Cess in the Mysore District.

READ—

Government Order No. L. 9058-65—L. B. 66-24-7, dated 26th June 1925, sanctioning the levy of Education Cess in the Mysore District at the rate of six pies in the rupee with effect from 1st July 1925.

2. Letter No. H. C. 690—24-25, dated 28th January 1926, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore, submitting proposals for the utilisation of the Education cess in the Mysore District and requesting orders of Government in the matter.

ORDER No. E. 32-35—EDN. 71-25, DATED CAMP MYSORE, 26TH JUNE 1926.

The realisations from the levy of Education Cess in the Mysore District are expected to amount to Rs. 75,000 during the current year and to Rs. 1,10,000 from the next year. The proposals submitted by the Inspector-General of Education, as agreed to by the District Board, provide for the following items of improvement of educational facilities in the District involving a recurring expenditure of Rs. 83,084 per annum and a non-recurring exependiture of Rs. 51,550:—

Items	Extra cost	
	Recurring per annum	Non-recurring
	Rs.	Rs.
1. Conversion of 159 Aided Primary Schools into Government Institutions.	18,567	27,200
2. Opening of 117 fresh Schools	22,647	17,550
3. Improving the staff of 67 existing Schools	16,064	....
4. Development of Incomplete Middle or Primary Schools into Middle Schools (15).	20,334	3,000
5. Opening of Practical Instruction classes in 11 Centres.	5,472	3,800
Total	83,084	51,550

2. The Inspector-General states that the District Board have proposed to utilise a sum of Rs. 10,000 for sanctioning grants-in-aid to new school buildings and including it the total non-recurring expenditure will be Rs. 51,550. He also reports that the District Board have resolved to request the Government to give a grant of Rs. 25,000 for acceleration of conversion of aided schools into Government Institutions and requests that in view of the large number of aided schools yet to be converted and of the large area and population of the District, a State grant of Rs. 12,500 may be sanctioned for the purpose and included in the next year's budget. The District Board have further resolved that only the payment to the staff may be made through the Education Department and that the administration of the funds set apart for buildings and equipment should be in the hands of the District Board, only supplies to be got from abroad being obtained through the Department.

3. Government are pleased to sanction the proposals referred to in para 1 above for the improvement of educational facilities in the District at a cost of Rs. 83,084 per annum recurring and Rs. 51,500 non-recurring. The proposal to utilise a sum of Rs. 10,000 for sanctioning grants-in-aid to new school buildings is also approved. The non-recurring expenditure of Rs. 61,550 (including the amount required for sanctioning grants-in-aid) will be met from the cess realisations of the current year.

4. The present proposals cover an annual expenditure (recurring) of Rs. 83,084 leaving a balance of Rs. 26,916 out of the estimated income of Rs. 1,10,000 from next year. A sum of Rs. 11,000 out of the balance referred to will be set apart as a reserve for providing against probable fluctuations of revenue. The Inspector-General is requested to submit supplementary proposals, at an early date, for the utilisation of the remaining amount in consultation with the District Board.

5. A sum of Rs. 10,000 will be made available in the next year from Government funds for the acceleration of conversion of aided schools in the District. The Inspector-General is requested to submit proposals for the utilisation of this amount early.

6. As regards the proposal of the District Board that the administration of the funds set apart for buildings and equipment should vest in them, Government consider that such an arrangement is likely to cause complications in administration and that it is necessary and desirable to follow a uniform procedure in this respect in all the Districts and are therefore of opinion that, until the District Boards take over the management of Primary Schools, the existing practice of all expenditure on schools from education cess funds being under the control of the Education Department should be continued.

P. G. D'SOUZA,
Chief Secretary to Government.

LOCAL AND LEGISLATIVE SECRETARIAT.

Payment of Tolls.

READ—

Government Notification No. R. 8711—L. B. 54-18-15, dated 4th February 1920, prescribing rules for the levy of tolls on public roads and bridges in Mysore.

2. Para 3 of Government Order No. L. 9582-602—L. B. 145-23-1, dated 11th June 1924, requesting the Deputy Commissioners of Districts to refer the question of exempting British Military Officers from payment of tolls at all Municipal toll-gates to the Municipal Councils in their districts.

3. The following letters received from the Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the President, City Municipal Council, Mysore, in the matter:—

1. Correspondence ending with letter No. D2 Dis. 1109—25-26, dated 6th February 1926, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.
2. Letter No. 1878, dated 6th February 1926, from the President, City Municipal Council, Mysore.
3. Correspondence ending with letter No. D2 Dis. 1122—25-26, dated 12th March 1926, from the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.
4. Correspondence ending with letter No. Ml. 55—24-25, dated 11th January 1926, from the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.